

## Parallel Input 8-channel Sink Driver

### FEATURES

- 8-channel Parallel Input Parallel Output
- Inverter Input
- Supply Voltage  $V_{DD}=3.0$  to  $5.5V$
- Output Voltage  $V_{DS}=\text{up to } 40V$  (45V Rating)
- Output Current  $300mA(\text{Peak}) / \text{ch.}$
- Built-in Noise Filter (CLRb Pin)
- Protection Circuit OCP, TSD
- Output Slew Rate Control
- FLT Output
- Operating Temperature  $T_{opr}=-40$  to  $125^{\circ}C$
- Package Outline HTSSOP24-P1

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJW4828-B is 8-channel sink driver with 300mA output.

The input block is inverter type, and the output block is always driven with inverted logic according to the input signal.

The CLRb input has built-in filter for noise immunity.

Supply voltage and input voltage correspond to 5V logic, maximum rating of output voltage is 45V.

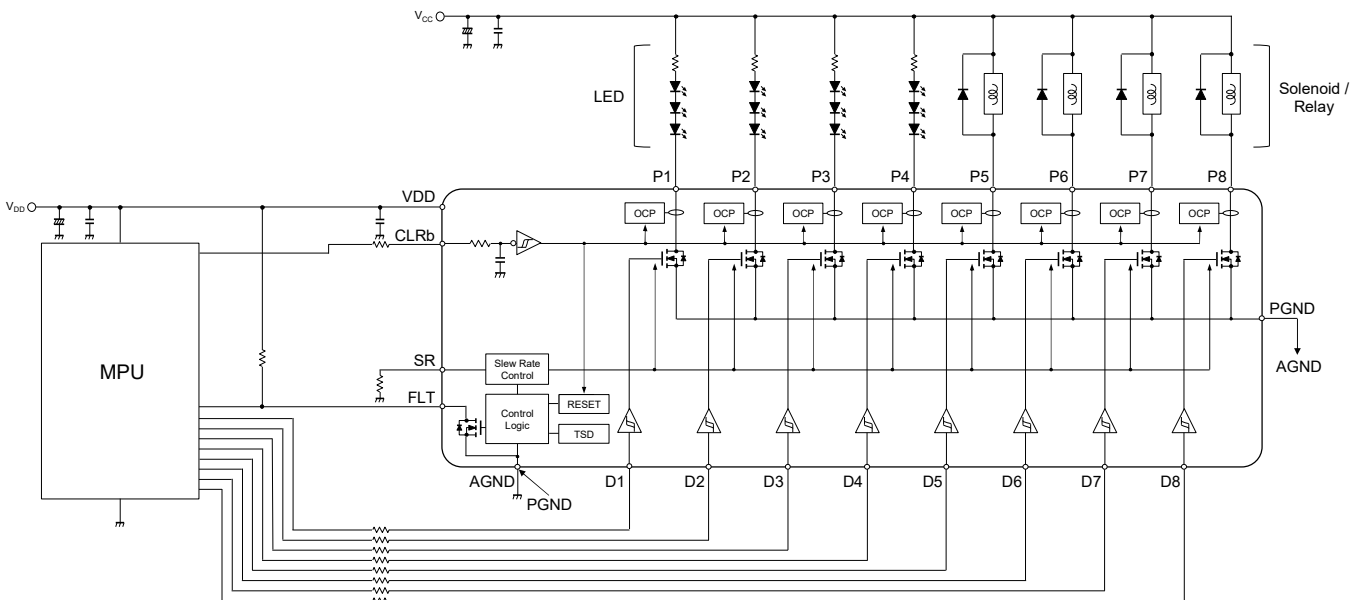
The protection circuits have over current protection (OCP) and thermal shutdown (TSD).

Moreover, because it has built-in output slew rate adjustment function, it can be applied as EMI countermeasure.

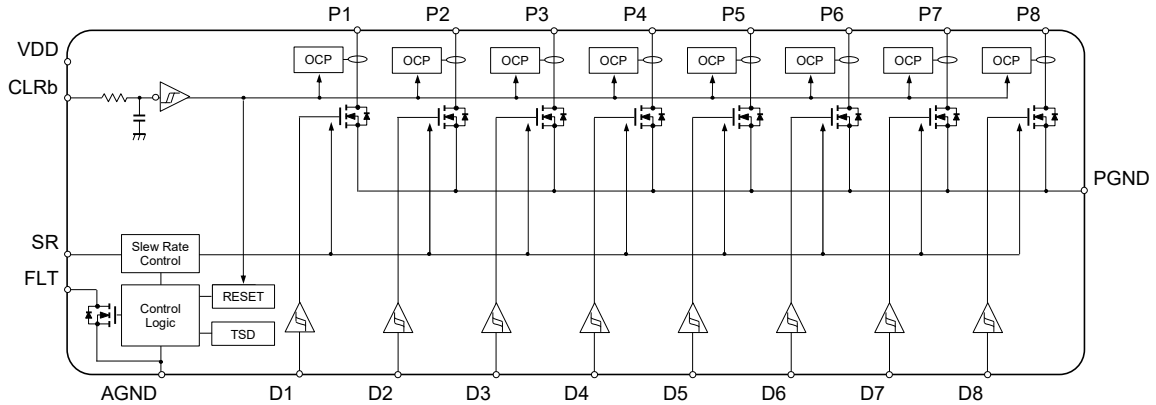
### APPLICATION

LED, Relay, solenoid and unipolar stepping motor applications for industrial equipment and white goods

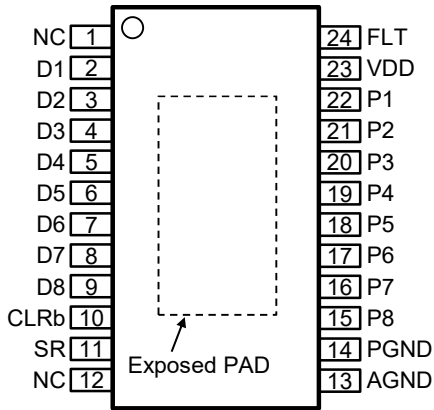
### TYPICAL APPLICATION



## ■BLOCK DIAGRAM

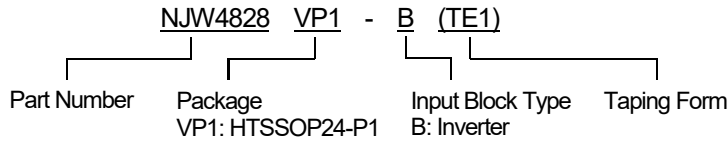


## ■PIN CONFIGURATION



PIN NO.	SYMBOL	I/O	DESCRIPTION
1	NC	-	Not Internally Connected
2	D1	I	Parallel Data Input Pin
3	D2	I	
4	D3	I	
5	D4	I	
6	D5	I	
7	D6	I	
8	D7	I	
9	D8	I	
10	CLRb	I	Clear Signal Input Pin
11	SR	-	Output Slew Rate Setting Pin
12	NC	-	Not Internally Connected
13	AGND	-	Control Block Ground Pin
14	PGND	-	Output Block Ground Pin
15	P8	O	Parallel Output Pin
16	P7	O	
17	P6	O	
18	P5	O	
19	P4	O	
20	P3	O	
21	P2	O	
22	P1	O	
23	VDD	-	Power Supply Pin
24	FLT	O	Error Signal Output Pin
-	Exposed PAD	-	Back Side Thermal PAD It must be set to open or connected to AGND

## ■PRODUCT NAME INFORMATION



## ■ORDERING INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME	PACKAGE OUTLINE	RoHS	HALOGEN-FREE	TERMINAL FINISH	MARKING	WEIGHT (mg)	MOQ(pcs)
NJW4828VP1-B(TE1)	HTSSOP24-P1	yes	yes	Ni/Pd/Au	4828B	83	2500

## ■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT	NOTE
Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$	-0.3 to +7	V	VDD Pin
Output Pin Voltage 1	$V_{DS}$	-0.3 to +45	V	P1 to P8 Pin
Output Pin Voltage 2	$V_O$	-0.3 to $V_{DD}$	V	FLT Pin
Input Pin Voltage	$V_{IN}$	-0.3 to $V_{DD}$	V	D1 to D8, CLRb Pin
Output Current	$I_{DS}$	300	mA	P1 to P8 Pin
Power Dissipation (Ta=25°C) HTSSOP24-P1	$P_D$	1.2 <sup>(1)</sup>	W	
		1.6 <sup>(2)</sup>		
		3.2 <sup>(3)</sup>		
Junction Temperature Range	$T_j$	-40 to +150	°C	
Operating Temperature Range	$T_{opr}$	-40 to +125	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-50 to +150	°C	

(1): Mounted on glass epoxy board. (101.5×114.5×1.6mm: based on EIA/JEDEC standard, 2Layers FR-4, with Exposed Pad)

(2): Mounted on glass epoxy board. (101.5×114.5×1.6mm: based on EIA/JEDEC standard, 4Layers FR-4)

(3): Mounted on glass epoxy board. (101.5×114.5×1.6mm: based on EIA/JEDEC standard, 4Layers FR-4, with Exposed Pad)

(For 4Layers: Applying 99.5×99.5mm inner Cu area and thermal via holes to a board based on JEDEC standard JESD51-5)

## ■RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$	3.0 to 5.5	V
Output Pin Voltage	$V_{DS}$	0 to 40	V
Output Current <sup>(4)</sup>	$I_{DS}$	0 to 300	mA

(4): Caution that the total power consumption of P1 to P8 does not exceed the power dissipation of rating.

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (DC Parameter)

(Unless otherwise noted,  $V_{DD}=5V$ ,  $R_{SR}=500k\Omega$ ,  $T_a=25^\circ C$ )

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Quiescent Current 1	$I_{Q1}$	All outputs OFF	-	1.4	2.8	mA
Quiescent Current 2	$I_{Q2}$	All outputs ON	-	1.6	3.2	mA
H level Input Voltage 1	$V_{IH1}$	CLRb, D1 to D8 Pin	$0.7V_{DD}$	-	$V_{DD}$	V
H level Input Voltage 2	$V_{IH2}$	$V_{DD}=3V$ , CLRb, D1 to D8 Pin	$0.7V_{DD}$	-	$V_{DD}$	V
L level Input Voltage 1	$V_{IL1}$	CLRb, D1 to D8 Pin	0	-	$0.3V_{DD}$	V
L level Input Voltage 2	$V_{IL2}$	$V_{DD}=3V$ , CLRb, D1 to D8 Pin	0	-	$0.3V_{DD}$	V
H level Input Current	$I_{IH}$	$V_{DD}=5.5V$ , $V_{IN}=5.5V$ , CLRb, D1 to D8 Pin	-	-	1	$\mu A$
L level Input Current	$I_{IL}$	$V_{DD}=5.5V$ , $V_{IN}=0V$ , CLRb, D1 to D8 Pin	-	-	1	$\mu A$
Output ON Resistance 1	$R_{ON1\_P}$	$V_{SR}=0V$ , $I_{DS}=100mA$ , P1 to P8 Pin	-	0.9	2.7	$\Omega$
Output ON Resistance 2	$R_{ON2\_P}$	$V_{DD}=3V$ , $V_{SR}=0V$ , $I_{DS}=100mA$ , P1 to P8 Pin	-	1	3	$\Omega$
Maximum Output Current	$I_{D\_MAX\_P}$	$V_{SR}=0V$ , P1 to P8 Pin	300	-	-	mA
Output Leak Current	$I_{LEAK\_P}$	$V_{DS}=40V$ , P1 to P8 Pin	-	-	1	$\mu A$
Thermal Shutdown Operating Temperature	$T_{TSD\_DET}$		-	170	-	$^\circ C$
Thermal Shutdown Recovery Temperature	$T_{TSD\_REV}$		-	150	-	$^\circ C$
FLT Pin "L" Output Voltage	$V_{OL\_FLT}$	$I_{FLT}=4mA$	-	0.2	0.4	V
FLT Pin Leak Current	$I_{LEAK\_FLT}$	$V_{DD}=5.5V$ , $V_{FLT}=5.5V$	-	-	1	$\mu A$

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Switching Parameter)

(Unless otherwise noted,  $V_{DD}=5V$ ,  $V_{CC}=24V$ ,  $CL=30pF$ (P-PGND),  $R_L=240\Omega$ (P- $V_{CC}$ ),  $T_a=25^\circ C$ )

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Output "H-L" Transition Time	$t_{THL}$	$R_{SR}=500k\Omega$	-	2.5	-	$\mu s$
Output "L-H" Transition Time	$t_{TLH}$	$R_{SR}=500k\Omega$	-	1.8	-	$\mu s$
Output "H-L" Propagation Delay Time (D-P)	$t_{pdHL\_D}$	$V_{SR}=0V$	-	0.2	-	$\mu s$
Output "L-H" Propagation Delay Time (D-P)	$t_{pdLH\_D}$	$V_{SR}=0V$	-	0.9	-	$\mu s$
CLRb "L" Pulse Width	$t_{W\_CLRb}$		5	-	-	$\mu s$

## ■ THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Junction to ambient thermal resistance	$\theta_{ja}$	103 <sup>(5)</sup>	$^\circ C/W$
		78 <sup>(6)</sup>	
		39 <sup>(7)</sup>	
Junction to top of package characterization parameter	$\psi_{jt}$	13 <sup>(5)</sup>	$^\circ C/W$
		13 <sup>(6)</sup>	
		6 <sup>(7)</sup>	

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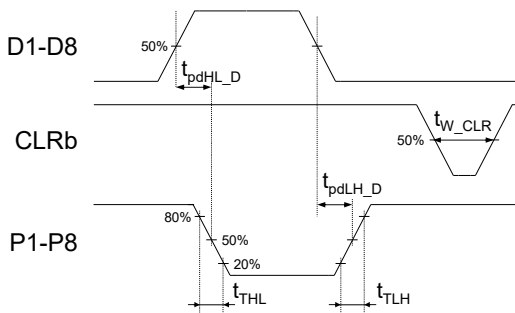
## APPLICATION NOTE / GLOSSARY

### ● Truth Table

INPUT		P OUTPUT (with pull-up resistor)	OPERATION
CLRb	D		
L	X	All OFF (H)	Reset all data of the protection circuit
H	L	OFF (H)	-
	H	ON (L)	-

H : High Level                      X : Don't Care  
L : Low Level

### ● Timing Chart / Timing Definition



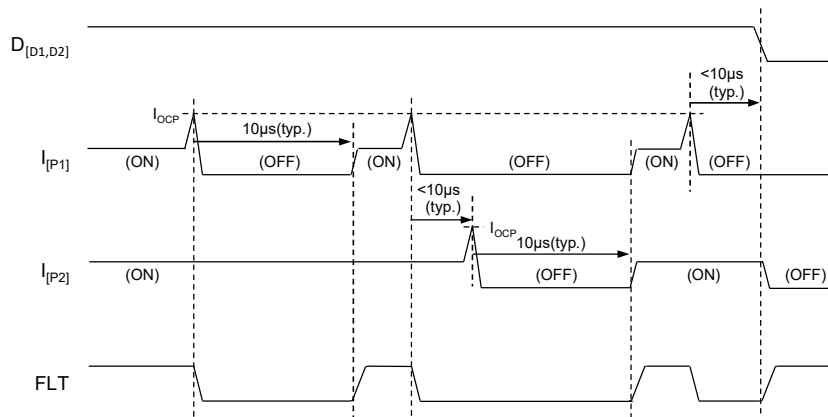
### ● Over Current Protection Circuit (OCP)

Overcurrent detection operates for each P1 - P8 output.

When overcurrent is detected, the corresponding P output is turned OFF and FLT pin becomes L level.

After overcurrent is detected, when data is reset or passage of internal recovery time (10 $\mu$ s typ.), it returns to normal operation.

In the condition of the P output is already overcurrent detected and turned off, if another P output is detected continuously, all the recovery timing of the corresponding P outputs will be all taken over.



### ● Thermal Shutdown Circuit (TSD)

When the junction temperature inside the IC exceeds  $T_{TSD\_DET}$ , all P outputs are turned OFF and FLT pin becomes L level.

When the internal junction temperature drops to  $T_{TSD\_REV}$  or less, it returns to normal operation state.

Input signals other than CLRb are not accepted while the thermal shutdown circuit is operating.

### ● FLT Output Function

The FLT Pin becomes L level as an error signal when the OCP or TSD is operated.

During the protection circuit is operating, when the CLRb signal is input, reset all protection circuit status and turn off the FLT pin becomes off state.

When FLT function is used, connect external pull-up resistor.

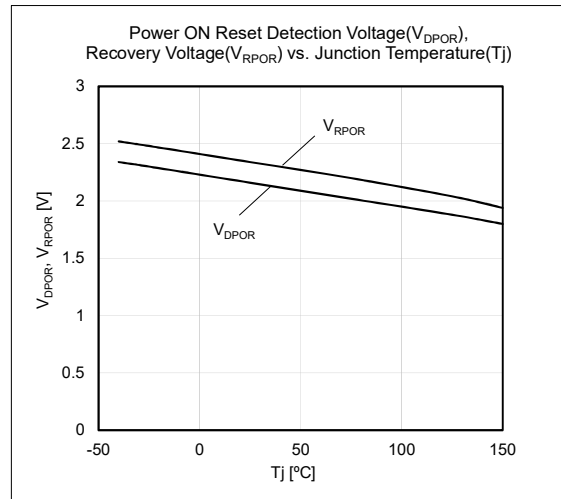
When FLT function is not used, connect the FLT pin to AGND or open.

●Power ON Reset Function

The power supply pin has built-in power on reset function.

When the  $V_{DD}$  voltage below  $V_{DPOR}$  (typ.), all outputs are turned off and all internal states are initialized.

When the  $V_{DD}$  voltage exceeds  $V_{RPOR}$  (typ.), it operates normally, but the  $V_{DD}$  voltage should be used within the recommended operating voltage range ( $V_{DD}=3.0V$  to  $5.5V$ )

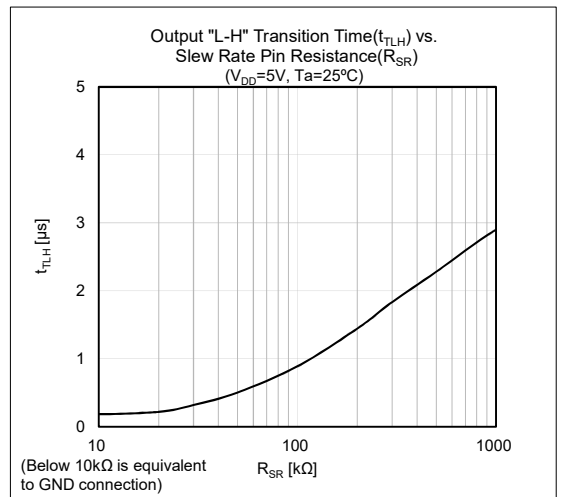
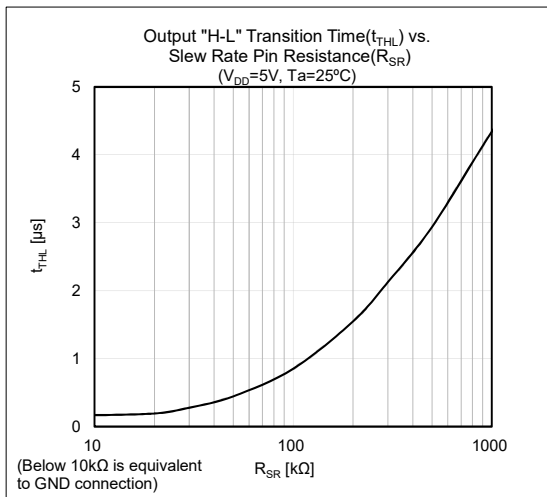


●Output Slew Rate Setting Function (SR Pin)

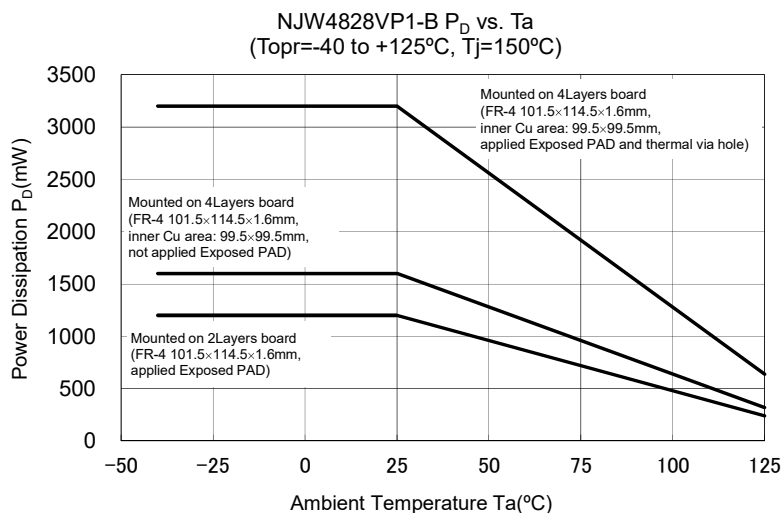
The SR function can set the rise time and fall time of the gate voltage of the output FETs by connecting a pull-down resistor to the SR pin.

The pull-down resistance can be set from 0  $\Omega$  (connected to AGND) to 1M  $\Omega$ . It should not be open.

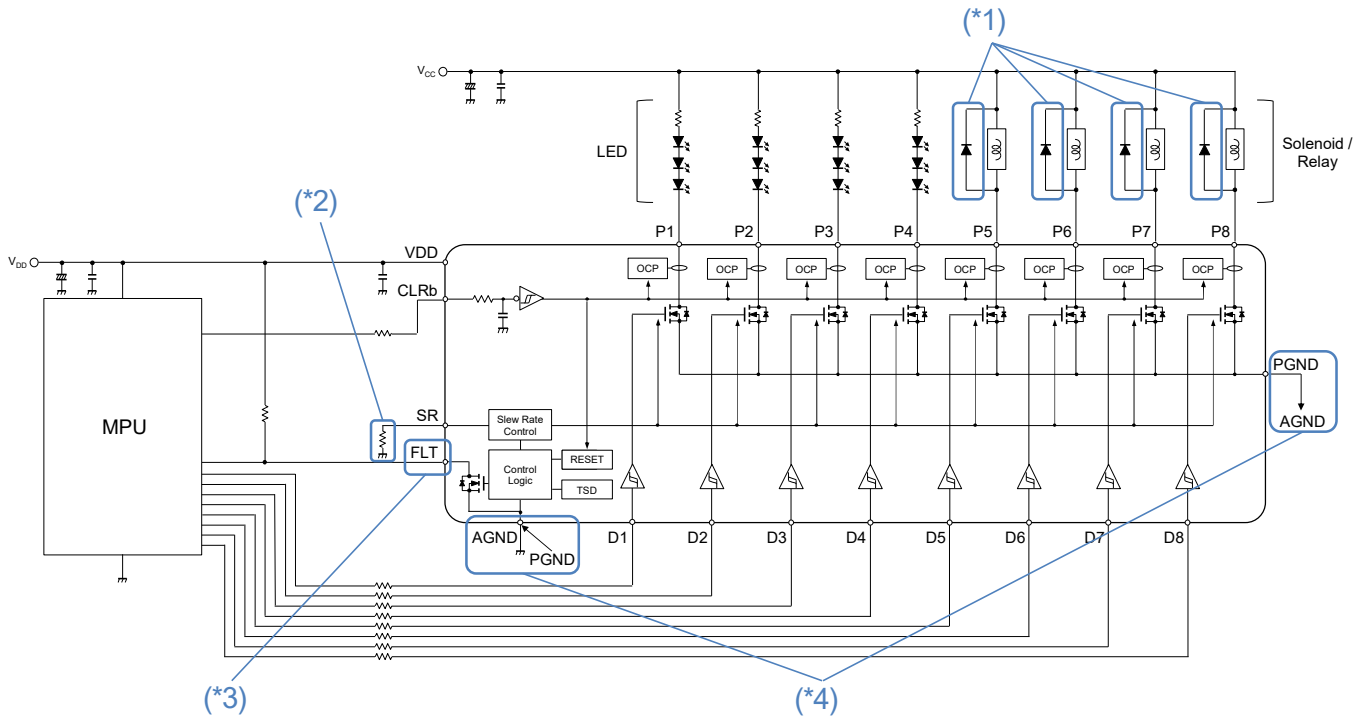
When this function is not used, connect the SR pin to AGND.



●Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



## ■TYPICAL APPLICATION 1



(\*1): The output pins don't have clamp circuits.

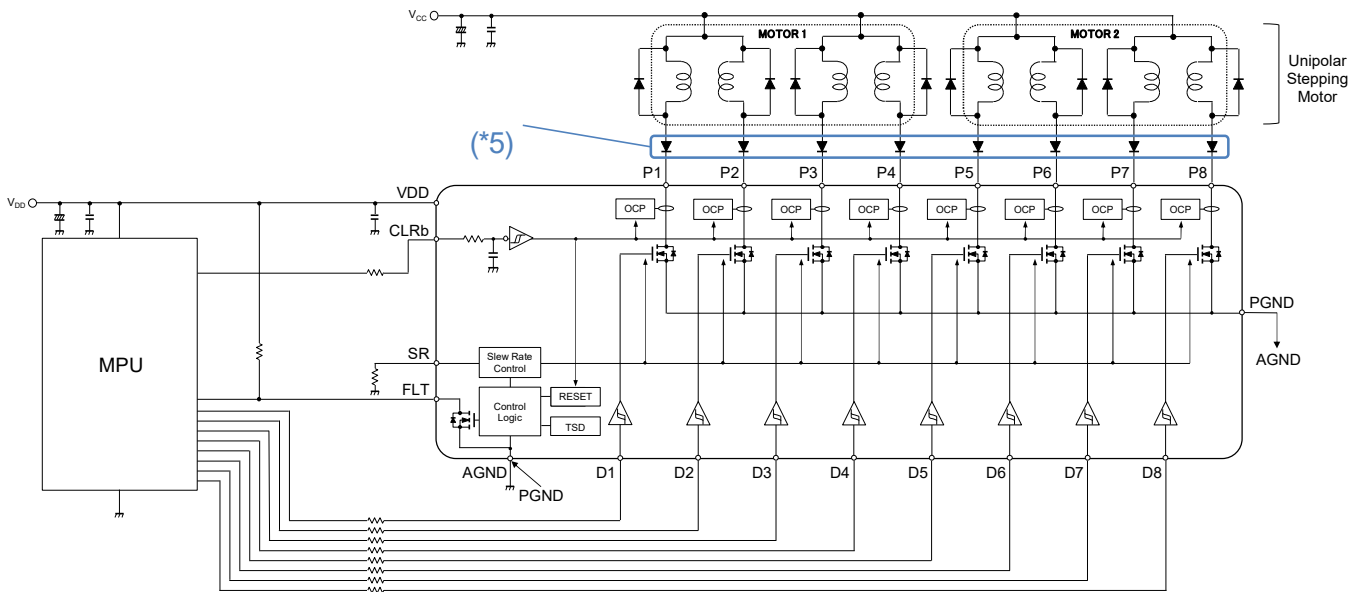
Therefore, when driving inductive loads such as solenoids and relays, connect a diode to the outside and secure path of recirculation current at turn-off.

(\*2): When SR function is not used, connect the SR pin to AGND and it should not be open.

(\*3): When FLT function is not used, connect the FLT pin to AGND or open.

(\*4): It should be wired the board so that there is no potential difference between AGND and PGND.

## ■TYPICAL APPLICATION 2 (Driving unipolar stepping motor)



### < About the turn-off circuit >

There are various turn-off circuit methods for the purpose of extracting the speed performance of the motor.

The turn-off time of motor current depends on the clamp voltage of the turn-off circuit.

Therefore, it is necessary to select an appropriate turn-off method according to the motor speed.

However, the larger the clamp voltage of the turn-off circuit, the negative voltage is generated by electromagnetic induction to the other winding.

Method	Diode Turn-off	Resistor + Diode Turn-off	Zener Diode + Diode Turn-off
External parts scale	Small	Medium	Large
Motor Speed	Low	High	
Negative voltage value	Low	Middle to High	

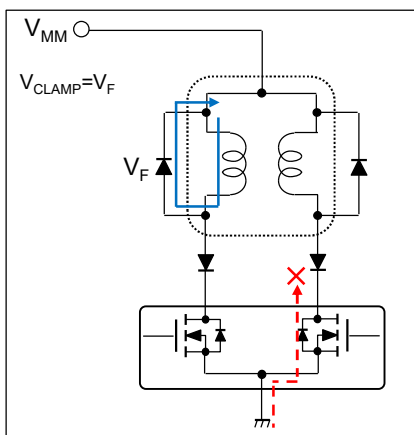
### (\*5): Prevention of Malfunction for Negative Voltage

In unipolar motor drive, when switching the winding current electromagnetically coupled, the output pin may become below the GND potential due to long wiring of the motor, routing of the GND wiring of the mounting board, turn-off circuit type, and so on.

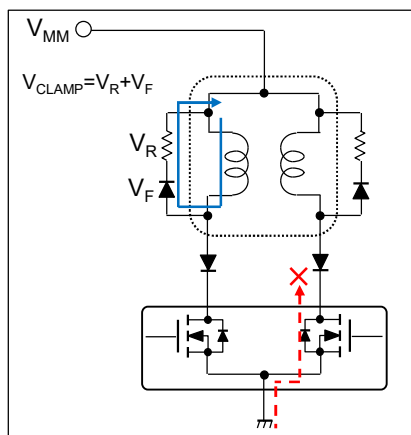
Due to the nature of the monolithically structured IC, when a large negative voltage is applied to the output pin, the inside of the IC may cause unexpected operation, which may cause circuit malfunction (miss step).

Therefore, in order to reliably prevent circuit malfunction due to negative voltage, it is recommended to insert a diode in series at the output pin and take countermeasures.

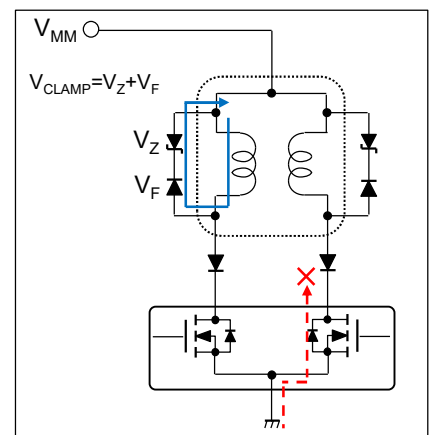
Diode Turn-off Circuit



Resistor + Diode Turn-off Circuit

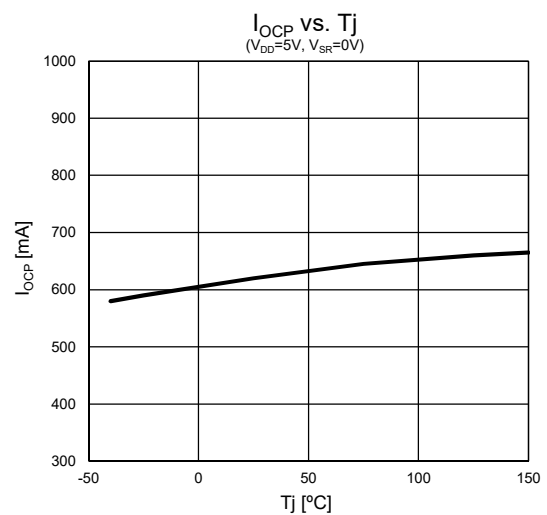
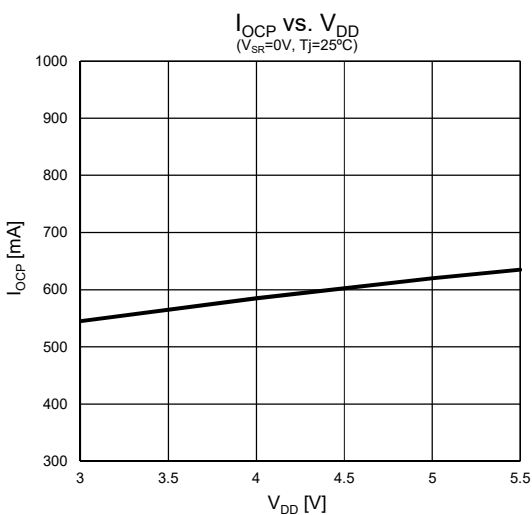
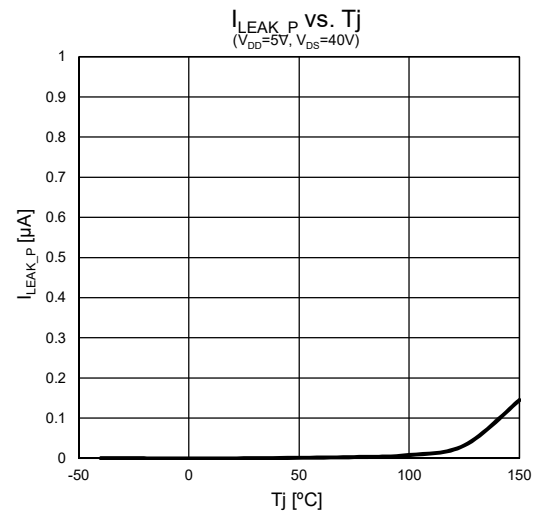
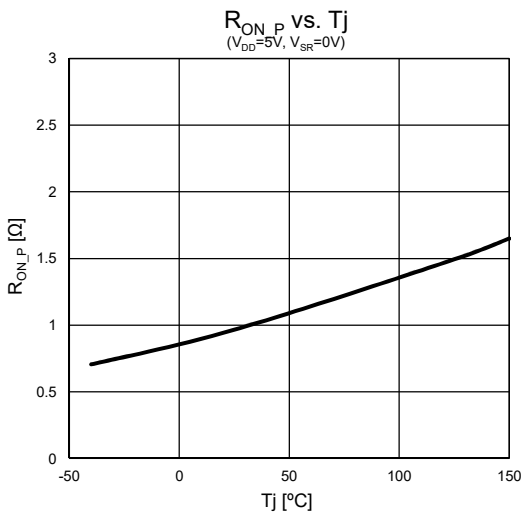
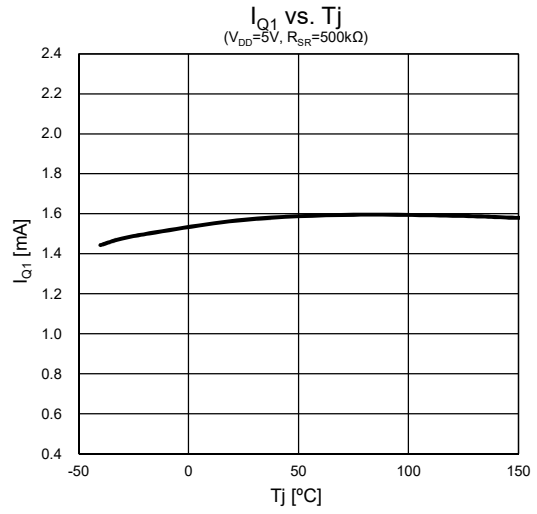
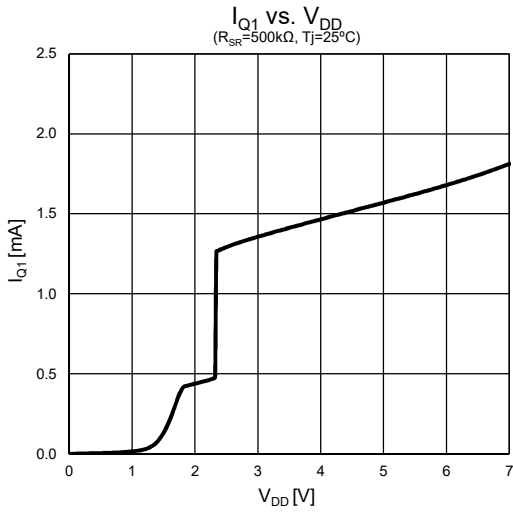


Zener Diode + Diode Turn-off Circuit

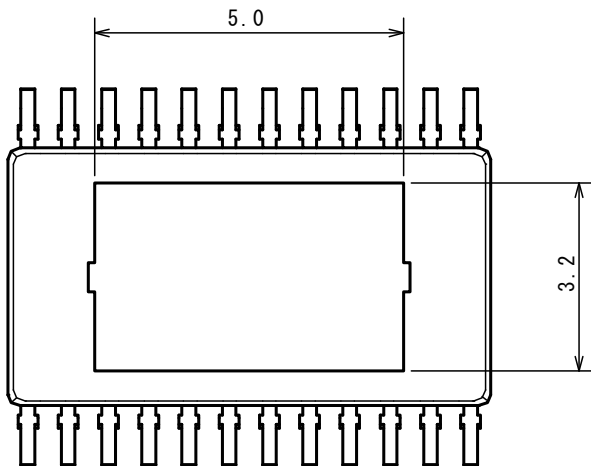
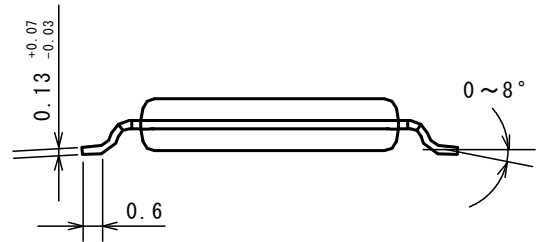
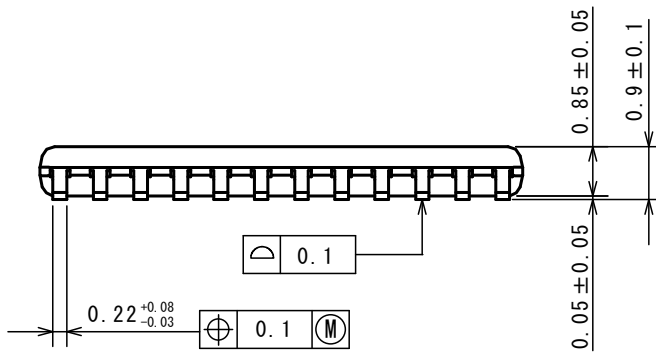
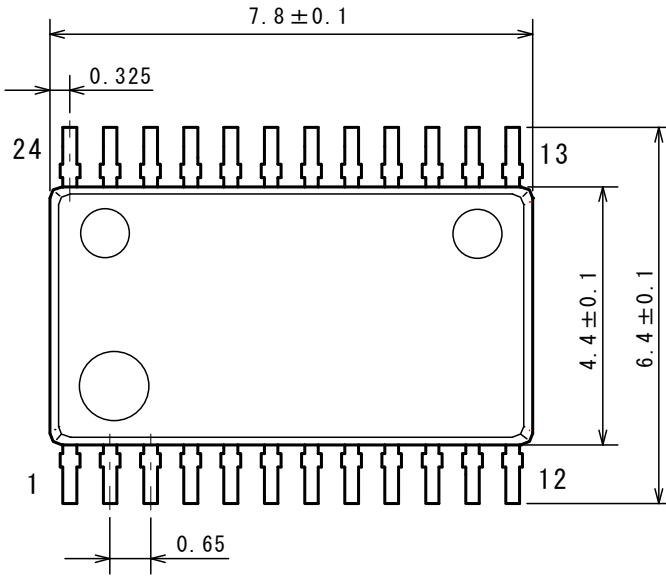




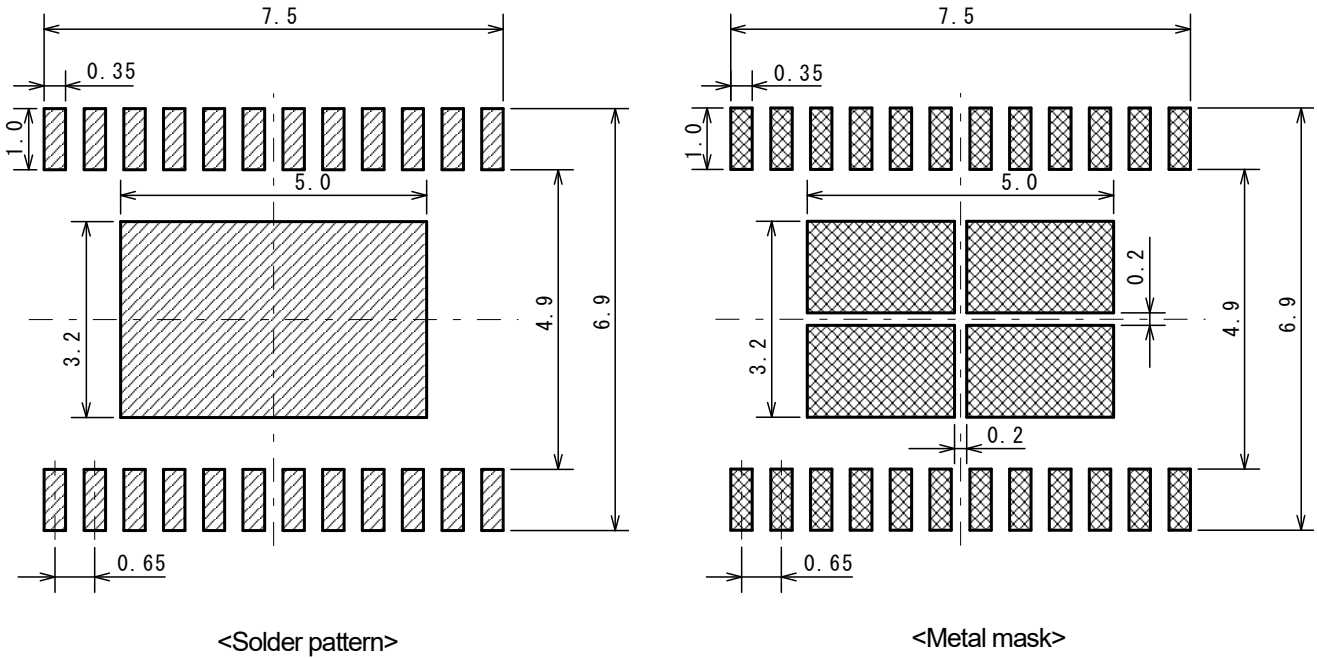
## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



### ■PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



### EXAMPLE OF SOLDER PADS DIMENSIONS



### <Instructions for mounting>

Please note the following points when you mount HTSSOP24-P1 package IC because there is a backside electrode.

(1) Temperature profile of lead and backside electrode.

It is necessary that both re-flow temperature profile of lead and backside electrode are higher than preset temperature.

When solder wet temperature is lower than lead/backside electrode temperature, there is possibility of defect mounting.

(2) Design of foot pattern / metal mask

Metal mask thickness of solder pattern print is more than 0.13mm.

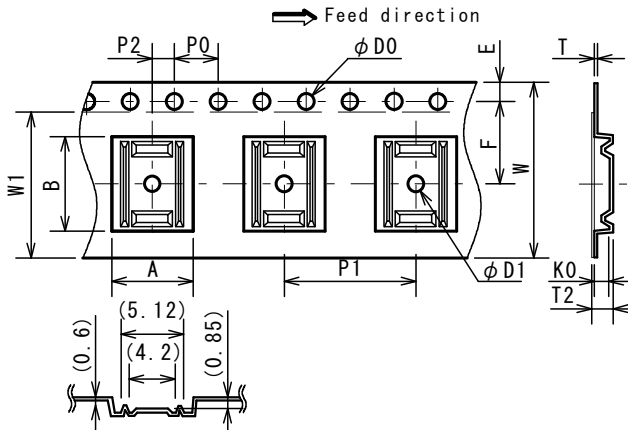
(3) Solder paste

The mounting was evaluated with following solder paste, foot pattern and metal mask. Because mounting might be greatly different according to the manufacturer and the product number even if the solder composition is the same. We will strongly recommend to evaluate mounting previously with using foot pattern, metal mask and solder paste.

Solder paste composition	Sn3Ag0.5Cu (Senju Metal Industry Co., Ltd: M705-GRN350-32-11)
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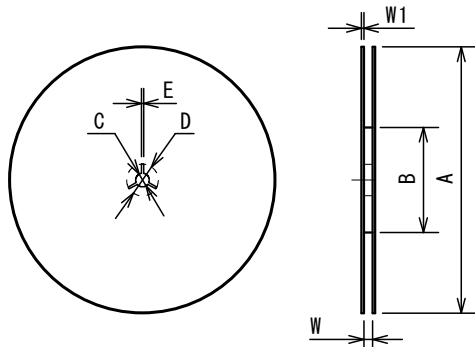
### PACKING SPEC

#### TAPING DIMENSIONS



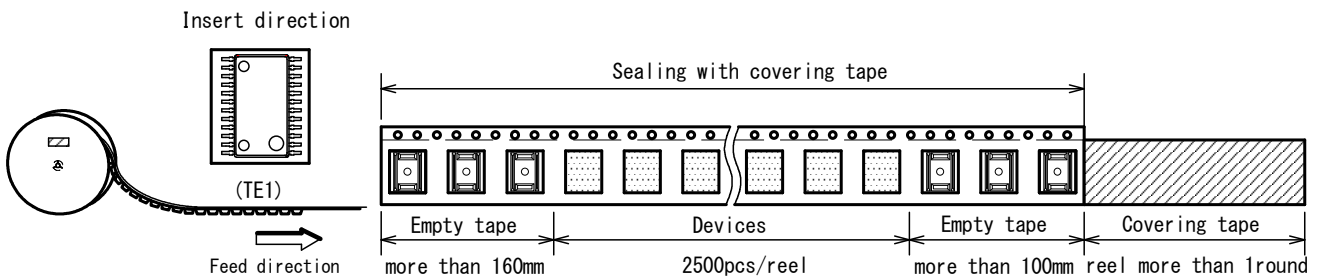
SYMBOL	DIMENSION	REMARKS
A	7.45±0.2	
B	8.60±0.1	
D0	1.5 <sup>+0.1</sup> <sub>0</sub>	
D1	1.5 <sup>+0.1</sup> <sub>0</sub>	
E	1.75±0.1	
F	7.5±0.1	
P0	4.0±0.1	
P1	12.0±0.1	
P2	2.0±0.1	
T	0.3±0.05	
T2	1.85	
K0	1.45±0.3	
W	16.0±0.3	
W1	13.3	THICKNESS 0.1max

#### REEL DIMENSIONS

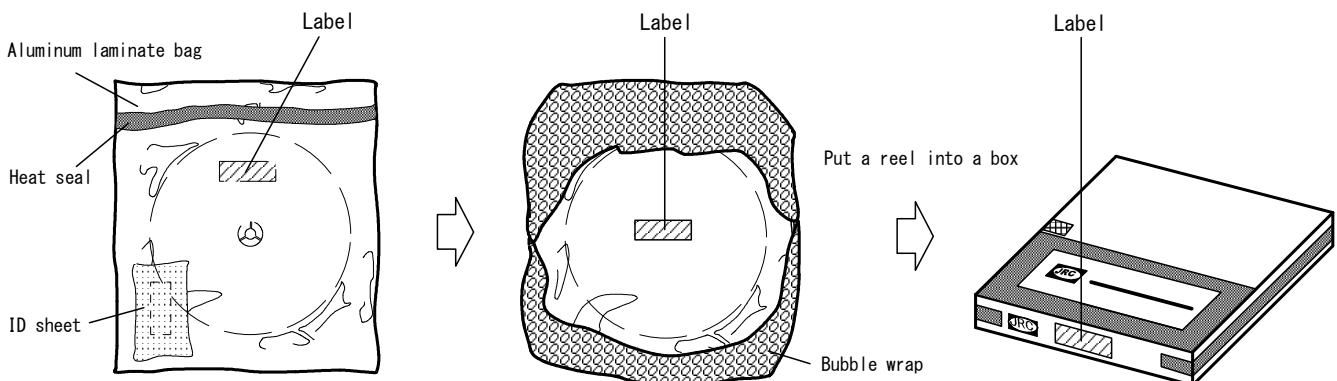


SYMBOL	DIMENSION
A	φ 330±2
B	φ 100±1
C	φ 13±0.2
D	φ 21±0.8
E	2±0.5
W	17.4±1
W1	2

#### TAPING STATE



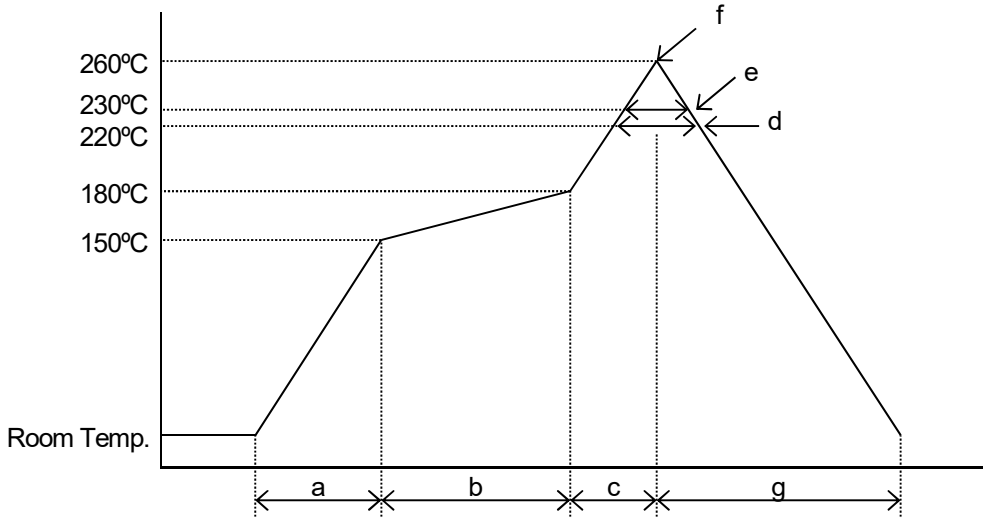
#### PACKING STATE



## ■RECOMMENDED MOUNTING METHOD

### INFRARED REFLOW SOLDERING METHOD

\*Recommended reflow soldering procedure



- a: Temperature ramping rate : 1 to 4°C/s
- b: Pre-heating temperature : 150 to 180°C  
Pre-heating time : 60 to 120s
- c: Temperature ramp rate : 1 to 4°C /s
- d: 220°C or higher time : Shorter than 60s
- e: 230°C or higher time : Shorter than 40s
- f: Peak temperature : Lower than 260°C
- g: Temperature ramping rate : 1 to 6°C /s

The temperature indicates at the surface of mold package.

**■REVISION HISTORY**

Date	Revision	Changes
21.Jun.2018	Ver.1.0	New Release

**[ CAUTION ]**

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