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	EEMB (	CO., LTD			
Li	thium Iron Pl	nosphate Batt	ery		
	Specif	ication			
	Madal	L ID2((50	7		
	Model:	LIP20050			
	Capacity:	3300mAh			
			-		

Prepared	Checked	Approved

# Customer:

Customer Approval (Cu	stomer confirmation):	
0		• · · · · • •
Signature	Checked	Approved

Address: Room ABCD,25/F, Block A, Fortune Plaza, NO.7060 Shennan Road Shenzhen, China Postal code: 518040 Phone: 0086-755-83022275 FAX: 0086-755-83021966 http://www.eemb.com

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# Scope

This specification is applicable to EEMB battery Co. Ltd. production of cylindrical lithium-ion batteries.

# 1. Basic Specification

Item			Technical parameter	
Model			LIP26650	
Nominal capacity			3300mAh (22.5°C±2.5°C 0.5C5A discharge)	
Minim	um capacity	I	3200mAh (22.5°C±2.5°C 0.5C5A discharge)	
Internal	impedance	e	$<25m\Omega$ AC 1kHz	
Nomir	nal voltage		3.2V	
W	Veight		approx.88±2g	
Standard of	charge volta	age	3.650±0.03V	
Standard disc	harge end v	voltage	2.0V	
Rapid ch	narge curren	nt	3300mA (1.0C <sub>5</sub> A)	
Standard discharge current		rrent	1650mA (0.5C5A)	
Maximum discharge current		urrent	3300mA (1C5A)	
Stand Charge	10℃~45℃		0.5C constant current charging to 3.65V, Constant voltage 3.65V charge to the current is less than or equal to 0.05C,End of Charging	
method	5°C~10°C		Constant voltage 3.65V charge to the current is less than or equal to 0.05C,End of Charging	
Dimension	Diam	eter (d)	Max.26.30mm	
(Including shrink sleeve/label)	Height (h)		Max.65.8mm	
			-20~45°C Within 1 month	
	Storage	Temperature	-10~35°C Within 6 month	
Operation conditions (recommended)		Relative humidity	35%~75%	
	Dis	scharge	-10~60°C	
	Standard charge		5~45°C	



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# **2.** Performance

Test item	Test conditions	Specification
Rapid charge	CC / CV mode, under the conditions of ambient temperature $(22.5 \pm 2.5)$ °C 1C <sub>5</sub> A constant current Charge the batteries until the voltage reaches 3.65V, then changed to constant voltage charging mode until the charge current is less than or equal to 0.01 C <sub>5</sub> A.	
Standard charge	CC / CV mode, under the conditions of ambient temperature $(22.5 \pm 2.5)$ °C $0.5C_5A$ constant current Charge the batteries until the voltage reaches 3.65V, then changed to constant voltage charging mode until the charge current is less than or equal to 0.01 C <sub>5</sub> A.	
Cycle Life	Batteries at an ambient temperature of 22.5 °C $\pm$ 2.5 conditions, After Standard charge, set aside 0.5 hours, Then 0.5C <sub>5</sub> A constant discharge termination voltage to 2.5V, after discharge, set aside 0.5 hours and then the next one charge-discharge cycle, Continue charging and discharging 1000 times.	After 1000 cycles remaining capacity of the batteries / nominal capacity $\ge 80\%$
High-low temperature discharge	Batteries at ambient temperature of 22.5 °C ± 2.5, according to the standard charging method fully charged, at 25 °C storage temperature conditions after 3 h, 0.5C discharge to 2.0V; then charge the batteries according to the standard charging method fully charged, at 60 °C storage temperature after 3 h at that temperature at 0.5C discharge to 2.0V; then follow standard charging method fully charged, at 0 °C storage temperature after 3 h, at 0.5C discharge to 2.0V; then follow standard charging batteries fully charged, at -10 °C storage temperature conditions after 3 h, at 0.5C discharge to 2.0V; record the discharge capacity at different temperatures conditions, comparing the discharge capacity Batteries at different temperatures and 25 °C, Computing capacity percentages.	<ul> <li>-10°C discharge capacity / 25°C discharge capacity ≥ 55%</li> <li>0°C discharge capacity / 25°C discharge capacity ≥ 70%</li> <li>60°C discharge capacity / 25°C discharge capacity / 25°C discharge capacity</li> </ul>
Charge Retention	Charging the batteries according to the standard charge, at ambient temperature $(22.5 \pm 2.5)$ °C stored for 28 days, and then discharged with 0.2 C <sub>5</sub> A to 2.0V, Then the standard charging discharged with 0.2 C <sub>5</sub> A to 2.0V, test batteries recoverable capacity, cycle three times, once capacity is up to standard, stop the test.	Remaining capacity $\geq$ nominal capacity $\times$ 90% Recovery capacity $\geq$ nominal capacity $\times$ 95%



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## 3. Acclimatization Characteristics

Item	Criteria	Test Instructions
High Temp. and High Humidity	No deformation, no rust, no fire or explosion; Discharge time $\geq$ 36min	After full charge, store at $40^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C(90\% - 95\% RH)$ for 48h. After test, place at $20^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C$ for 2h and then discharge with $1C_5A$ to 2.0V.
Vibration	No damnification, leakage, no fire or explosion; Battery Voltage≥3.2V	Batteries are vibrated 30 min in three mutually perpendicular directions with amplitude of 0.38mm (10~30Hz) or 0.19mm (30~55Hz) and the scanning rate of 1 oct per min.
Drop	No leakage, no fire or explosion;	Batteries are dropped onto a hard board with the thickness of $18\sim20$ mm from at least 1meter height. Drop the batteries from six different directions and discharge them at $0.5C_5A$ to the discharge time is greater than $102$ min, you can terminate charging and discharging cycles, Cycles should be no more than three times

# 4. Safety Characteristics

Item	Criteria	Test Instructions
Overcharge	No fire or explosion	After fully charged, Connect the polarities to constant voltage and adjust the current to $3C_5A$ , voltage to 10V. Test is over until the temperature reduces $10^{\circ}C$ then the temperature peak.
Short-Circuit	No fire or explosion;	Batteries are short-circuited by connecting the positive and negative terminals for 1h with a resistance load of $50m \Omega$ . Test is over until the temperature reduces $10^{\circ}$ C then the temperature peak.
Heating	No fire or explosion The maximum Temperature: 130°C	Cell is heated in a circulating air oven at a rate of $(5\pm 2)^{\circ}$ C per minute to $130\pm 2^{\circ}$ C, and then placed it for 10 minutes at $130\pm 2^{\circ}$ C.
Weight impact	No fire or explosion	After a full charge, placed in the shocks the stage, will an diameter 15.8mm's metal rod flat on the electric-strand maximum plane center of, metal rods the center of the axis of with the electric Core Height direction of the perpendicular to. Will 9.1kg's heavy objects from a 610mm high degree of freedom shocks metal rods.
Extrusion	No fire or explosion	Placed between two flat surfaces Extrusion test, the pressure is to be applied to a cylindrical mandrel vertical force level pressure in batteries. Using a hydraulic piston 32 mm diameter, a pressure of the 13 KN, once the maximum pressure value, the pressure is released.
Note: Unless of Tamp $: 20, 20^{\circ}$	nerwise specified, all tests stated in the Polative Humidity: $25\% \sim 75\%$	his specification are conducted at the following conditions:

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### 5. Dimension



## 6. Transportation

Batteries should be in the semi-state of charge (20-50% state of charge) under Packing boxes for transport, the transportation process should prevent severe vibration, shock, or extrusion, sunshine and rain, should be applied to automobiles, trains, ships , aircraft and other common transportation service.

### 7. Handling precautions on Lithium Ion Rechargeable Battery

To assure product safety, describe the following precautions in the instruction manual of the equipment.

### ! Danger

When charging the battery, use dedicated chargers and follow the specified conditions.

Use the battery only in the specified equipment.

Do not connect battery directly to an electric outlet or cigarette lighter charger.

Do not heat or throw battery into a fire.

Do not use, leave battery close to fire or inside of a car where temperature may be above  $60^{\circ}$ C. Also do not charge / discharge in such conditions.

Do not immerse, throw, and wet battery in water/ seawater.

Do not put batteries in your pockets or a bag together with metal objects such as necklaces.

Do not store batteries with such objects.

Do not short circuit the (+) and (-) terminals with other metals.

Do not place battery in a device with the (+) and (-) in the wrong way around.

Do not pierce battery with a sharp object such as a needle.

Do not hit with a hammer, step on or throw or drop to cause strong shock.

Do not disassemble or modify the battery.

Do not solder a battery directly.



Do not use a battery with serious scar or deformation.

#### ! Warning

Do not put battery into a microware oven, dryer, or high-pressure container.

Do not use battery with dry cells and other primary batteries, or batteries of a different package, type, or brand. Stop charging the battery if charging is not completed within the specified time.

Stop using the battery if abnormal heat, odor, discoloration, deformation or abnormal condition is detected

#### During using, charging, or storage.

Keep away from fire immediately when leakage or foul odor is detected.

If liquid leaks onto your skin or clothes, wash well with fresh water immediately.

If liquid leaking from the battery gets into your eyes, do not rub your eyes. Wash them well with clean water and go to see a doctor immediately.

#### ! Caution

Store batteries out of reach of children so that they are not accidentally swallowed.

If younger children use the battery, their guardians should explain the proper handling.

Before using the battery, be sure to read the user's manual and cautions on handling thoroughly.

Thoroughly read the user's manual for the charger before charging the battery.

For information on installing and removing from equipment, thoroughly read the user's manual for the specific equipment.

Batteries have life cycles. If the time that the battery powers equipment becomes much shorter than usual, the battery life is at an end. Replace the battery with a new same one.

Remove a battery whose life cycle has expired from equipment immediately.

When the battery is thrown away, be sure it is non-conducting by applying vinyl tape to the (+) and (-) terminals. When not using battery for an extended period, remove it from the equipment and store in a place with low humidity and low temperature.

While the battery pack is charged, used and stored, keep it away from objects or materials with static electric charges.

If the terminals of the battery become dirty, wipe with a dry clothe before using the battery.